## Problem set 5, assigned on 10/20/19

1. Convert the following numbers from binary (base 2) to decimal (base 10):

(a) 111

(b) 1101

(c) 10000000.

2. Convert the following numbers from decimal to binary:

(a) 8

(b) 15

(c) 32

(d) 31

(e) 53.

3. Add these binary numbers using the column addition algorithm:

(a) 1000+101

(b) 11011+11111

4. In class we discussed the game of Nim with heap sizes 3, 4, 5, and a winning strategy for the first player using the notion of *nim-sum*. Which player has a winning strategy when heap sizes are 3, 4, 6? How about 3, 4, 7?

5. Recall the operations S (swap) and R (rotate) on rational tangles, discussed in class: in terms of the corresponding *tangle number*, S corresponds to adding 1, and R gives a negative reciprocal: it replaces x with  $-\frac{1}{x}$ .

The following instructions show how to untangle any rational tangle:

• If the tangle number is negative then to SWAP and add 1 to the tangle number to obtain a new number.

• If the tangle number is positive, then ROTATE and take the negative reciprocal of the tangle number.

• If the tangle number is zero, STOP. The ropes are untangled.

Using these two operations, can you untangle the rational tangle corresponding to the number 4?